Regulatory Framework for Opening, Operating and Closing a Business

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Business Insolvency

No.	Regulatory Framework	Link
Lega	l and Procedural Standards	
Pre-	Commencement and Commencement of Insolvency Proceedings	
1.	 The following mechanisms are available, under the Legal Framework, to a debtor company in financial distress: Mechanisms directly addressing the obligations of the management of a debtor company during the period approaching insolvency to avoid bankruptcy, or minimize its extent where insolvency is unavoidable Mechanisms or procedures to implement, with no impediments or obstacles, a contractual based Out-of-Court Workout (OCW) to restructure the company's debt with some or all its creditors, outside of the court system and/or outside formal judicial Insolvency Proceedings 	 Sections 373, 379, 394, 405 and 429, Cap. 622 Companies Ordinance Moulin Global Eyecare Holdings Ltd v Olivia Lee Sin Mei (2014) 17 Hong Kong Court of Final Appeal Reports 466

No.	Regulatory Framework	Link	
2.	The procedures of commencement of in-court liquidation proceedings are available under the Legal Framework to an insolvent debtor company and to an individual creditor of an insolvent debtor company	A	Sections 177(1)(d) and 179(1), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance
3.	The following bases for commencement of formal Insolvency Proceedings are allowed under the Legal Framework:		
	 Debtor is generally unable to pay its debts as they mature 		Section 178(1)(a), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance
	• The value of the debtor's liabilities exceeds the value of its assets		<u>Section 178(1)(c), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance</u>
	 A company is considered to be unable to pay its debt if execution or other process issued on a judgment, decree or order of any court in favour of a creditor of the company is returned unsatisfied in whole or in part 	A	Section 178(1)(b), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance)

No.	Regulatory Framework	Link	
Liqui	dation and Reorganization Proceedings		
4.	Upon commencement of proceedings, each creditor shall receive a notification to submit his/her claim, specifying the basis and amount of the claim	A	<u>Rules 80, 82, 93, 106 and 109, Cap. 32H Companies (Winding-up)</u> <u>Rules</u>
Insol	vency Administrator's Expertise		
5.	The minimum qualification requirements for an Insolvency Administrator to be assigned to a procedure	\wedge	Panel schemes (for Panel A scheme and for Panel T scheme, see the latest tender documents)
	Implemented in practice:		
	Minimum number of years of practical experience		
	Holding a license		
	 Being a registered member of an association 		
	Passing a qualification exam		
	Completion of specialized training		
	Both established in legal framework and implemented in practice:		
	 No criminal record or record of financial wrongdoing 		

No.	Regulatory Framework	Link	
6.	Cases in which an Insolvency Administrator may be disqualified from the case	A	Sections 168G(2), 262C, 262D, 262B(2) and 262B(3), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance)
7.	Mechanism for the selection and appointment of an Insolvency Administrator	A 	Section 194(1)(b), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance)
			Rules 45(2) and 106, Cap. 32H Companies (Winding-up) Rules
8.	Mechanism for the removal of the Insolvency Administrator that reflects the manner in which the appointment took place and provides the right to be heard	\rightarrow	Section 196(1), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance)
Asse	ts and Stakeholders		
Man	agement of Debtor's Assets		
9.	The Legal Framework provides for an automatic Stay of Proceedings and specifies the exact time of effect of the Stay of Proceedings (including the day it takes effect and the day it lapses)		Sections 183, 186 and 193, Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance)
10.	 The Legal Framework provides for exceptions to a Stay of Proceedings on actions, claims or proceedings which: Include exceptions based on public policy interests such as the restraint of environmental damage or other activities detrimental to public health and safety Include any actions to prevent abuse, such as the use of insolvency proceedings as a shield for illegal activities 	A	Section 186, Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance)

No.	Regulatory Framework	Link	
11.	 Secured creditors may obtain relief to a Stay of Proceedings on actions, claims or proceedings. The relief to a Stay of Proceedings includes: A relief where the value of the encumbered asset is diminishing as a result of the commencement of insolvency proceedings A relief where the encumbered asset is not needed for 	A A	Paragraph 10, The International Commercial Bank of China Co Ltd (Hong Kong Branch) v Kelvin Edward Flynn (Unreported, Companies Winding-up Proceedings 622/2004, 27 January 2005) Re King's Dyeing & Weaving Factory Ltd (No. 2) [1986] HKC 621, 623
	the Reorganization or sale of the business as a going concern in Liquidation		
12.	Following the commencement of Insolvency Proceedings the Legal Framework explicitly allows for burdensome contracts (where both parties have not fully performed their obligations) be terminated where the cost of performance of such contracts is higher than the benefits to be received	A	Section 286(1), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance
13.	The Legal Framework explicitly allows for burdensome assets to be relinquished or discharged when the cost of maintaining such assets is higher than the benefits to be received	A	Section 286(1), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance

No.	Regulatory Framework	Link	
14.	 The Legal Framework explicitly provides for voiding (or invalidating/terminating) the following transactions concluded before the commencement of Insolvency Proceedings: Preferential transactions or contracts, which resulted in a creditor obtaining more than its pro-rata share of the debtor's assets, which occurred when the debtor was already insolvent or resulted in the debtor becoming insolvent Undervalued transactions, which were made at a price below market value or as a gift and which occurred when the debtor was already insolvent 	AA	Sections 266 to 266D, Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance Sections 265D, 265E, 266B, 266C and 266D, Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance
Cred	itor Participation		
15.	Creditors committee or other creditor representation in Insolvency Proceedings	AA	Section 206(1), 206(5), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance Paragraph 12, In Re Hung Fung Holdings Ltd [2001] 3 Hong Kong Law Reports & Digest 692
16.	Creditors, either individually or through the creditors' committee or another form of creditor representation, have the right to request up- to-date information on the debtor's business and financial affairs	A A	Rules 159(2) and 161, Cap. 32H Companies (Winding-up) Rules Sections 201 and 219, Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance)

No.	Regulatory Framework	Link
Rest	ictions for Domestic Firms	
17.	The Ranking of Claims during an insolvency procedure	 Section 265(1), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance) Rule 179, Cap. 32H Companies (Winding-up) Rules
18.	Secured creditors are given absolute priority with respect to the assets over which they hold security over all other creditors	 Section 12(2), Cap. 6 Bankruptcy Ordinance, as applied to under Section 263, Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance For floating charge (Section 265(3B)) and for preferential debts (Section 265(1)), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance)
19.	Labor claims are given priority over the following:	
	Secured Creditors	Section 265(3B), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance
	Unsecured Creditors	The list in sections 265(1)(b) to (cj), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance

No.	Regulatory Framework	Link	
20.	Environmental claims are given priority over the secured creditors and unsecured creditors		Section 265(1)(d), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance Cap. 358 Water Pollution Control Ordinance Cap. 466 Dumping at Sea Ordinance
21.	The Legal Framework, either in insolvency law or labor law, contains a special regime to deal with the protection of workers and employees' claims in insolvency	A A	Sections 265(1)(b), (c), (ca), (caa), (cb), (cc), (cd), (ce), (cf), (cg), (ch), (ci) and (cj), Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance Cap. 380 Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance
-	ialized Proceedings		
22.	o and Small Enterprises The Legal Framework provides for specialized proceedings for the Liquidation of non-viable Micro- and Small Enterprises, and Reorganization of viable Micro- and Small Enterprises		Section 227F, Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance
23.	Eligible debtors are allowed to apply for commencement of an insolvency proceeding at an early stage of financial distress without the need to prove insolvency	>	Section 177(1)(a), the Cap. 32 Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance
Cross	s-Border Insolvency	1	
24.	Rules for cross-border insolvencies, with a clear process for obtaining recognition of foreign proceedings		Paragraph 17, See Re Guangdong Overseas Construction Corporation [2023] Hong Kong Court of Final Instance 1340

No.	Regulatory Framework	Link
25.	A specific process for obtaining recognition of foreign Insolvency Proceedings	In Re Agritrade Resources Ltd [2020] 4 Hong Kong Law Reports 8 Digest 616
		In May 2021, the Supreme People's Court of People's Republic o China (PRC) entered into a record of meeting with the Hong Kong SAR where HK insolvency proceedings and restructuring scheme will be recognized in courts of specified Mainland cities whereas Mainland proceedings under the PRC Enterprise Bankruptcy Law may seek recognition from Hong Kong court under the common law route.

Public Services that Facilitate Trade

[Including services provided by government bureaux and departments, and other public organisations]

Disclaimer: There are other digital public services that aim to facilitate business and compliance in Hong Kong. Please refer to the webpages of individual bureaux / departments / public organisations for details.

Business Insolvency

No.	Public Service	Link	
Digit	alization And Online Services		
E-Co	urts		
1.	Virtual hearings can be held at the relevant court		<u>"Remote Hearings for Civil Business in Civil Courts" at the</u> Judiciary website
Interoperability of Services (e-services) for Insolvency Proceedings and Publ			ilability of Information
2.	On the publication of judgments and information on Insolvency Proceedings, the data and information of judgments concerning Insolvency Proceedings rendered at the competent court is available to the general public	A	Legal Reference System – Judgment Quick Search
3.	A Judge of the Court of First Instance is appointed the Judge in charge of the Companies & Bankruptcy List of the High Court which is fully operational in practice (requiring that all bankruptcy matters be assigned to them)	>	Practice Direction 3.1 Bankruptcy and Winding-up Proceedings

No.	Public Service	Link
	In Hong Kong, all bankruptcy matters are assigned to the existing commercial courts/bankruptcy courts/bankruptcy judges	Practice Direction 3.1 Bankruptcy and Winding-up Proceedings